

① If $x = 9 + 4\sqrt{5}$, find the value of $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$.

② If $x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$, then the value of $\frac{1}{x}$ is $\frac{1}{x}$

(a) $2 - \sqrt{3}$

(b) $\frac{1}{2 - \sqrt{3}}$

(c) $-2 - \sqrt{3}$

(d) $2 + 2\sqrt{3}$

③ If $a = 2$ and $b = 3$, find the value of $(a^b + b^a)^{-2}$

④ Which one of the following will be terminating decimal no.?

(a) $\frac{14}{15}$

(b) $\frac{7}{48}$

(c) $\frac{15}{20}$

(d) $\frac{5}{9}$

⑤ Which one of the following value of x will be irrational?

(a) $x^2 = 25$

(b) $x^3 = 512$

(c) $x^4 = 256$

(d) $x^5 = 3$

⑥ Find the value of the following expression: —
 $8^{2/3} - \sqrt{9} \cdot (10)^0 + \left(\frac{1}{144}\right)^{-1/2}$

⑦ If $\frac{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}} = a + b\sqrt{15}$, find the values of a and b .

⑧ Simplify:

① $\left[\left(625^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right)^{-\frac{1}{4}} \right]^2$

② $\left(\frac{81}{16} \right)^{-\frac{3}{4}} \times \left[\left(\frac{25}{9} \right)^{-\frac{3}{2}} \div \left(\frac{5}{2} \right)^{-3} \right]$
